

11 April 2024

For a simplicial complex K , the Euler Characteristic of K is

$$\chi(K) = \sum_{i=0}^{\dim K} (-1)^i \# \{i\text{-dimensional simplices in } K\}$$

\uparrow chi
 \uparrow number of items in this set

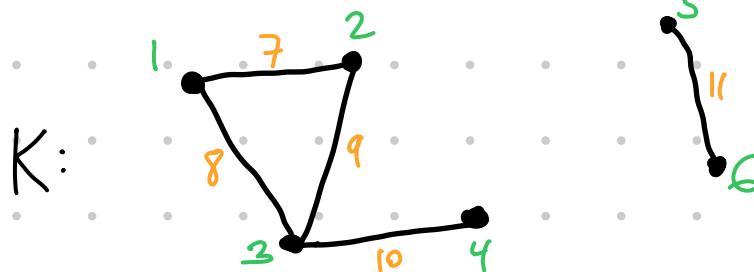
Think: (num. vertices) - (num. edges) + (num. faces) - ...

For a 2-dimensional simplicial complex:

$$\chi = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{number of} \\ \text{connected} \\ \text{components} \end{array} \right) - \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{number} \\ \text{of} \\ \text{holes} \end{array} \right)$$

How do we compute "holes" in a simplicial complex?

Example:



Define boundary matrices that encode which simplices are in the boundary of which other simplices.

"Boundary" of an edge: endpoints

rows labeled by vertices

	7	8	9	10	11
1	1	1	0	0	0
2	1	0	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	1	0
4	0	0	0	1	0
5	0	0	0	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	1

columns labeled by edges in K

$= \partial_1$

Mod 2 arithmetic:

$$1+1=0$$

add cols 7 and 8:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

7 8 9

With mod 2 arithmetic, column 9 is a linear combination of 7 and 8.

$$\text{Mod 2: } \text{rank}(\partial_1) = 4$$

Formula for $\beta_0 =$ number of connected components)

$$\beta_0 = \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{number of} \\ \text{vertices} \end{array} \right) - \text{rank}(\partial_1)$$

$$= 6 - 4 = 2$$