## CRUST Algorithm

Math 282 Computational Geometry

1. Suppose $S$ is a sample of points from a curve $C$. Assuming the sample is sufficiently dense, justify the following statements:
(a) The Voronoi vertices of $\operatorname{Vor}(S)$ lie near the medial axis of $C$.
(b) Any circumscribing disk of an incorrect edge of the Delaunay triangulation $\operatorname{Del}(S)$ (an edge between two sample points that are not consecutive on $C$ ) crosses the medial axis of $C$.
(c) Let $V$ be the set of Voronoi vertices of $\operatorname{Vor}(S)$. An incorrect edge of $\operatorname{Del}(S)$ cannot also appear in the Delaunay triangulation $\operatorname{Del}(S \cup V)$.
(d) Each correct edge of $\operatorname{Del}(S)$ also appears in $\operatorname{Del}(S \cup V)$.
2. Suppose $S$ is a sample of points from a curve $C$. Justify the following statements related to the NN-CRUST algorithm:
(a) Let $p \in S$ be any sample point and $q$ its nearest neighbor. If the sample is sufficiently dense, then edge $p q$ is correct.
(b) Let $p \in S$ be any sample point and $q$ its half neighbor. If the sample is sufficiently dense, then edge $p q$ is correct.
