

## From last class:

4. The number of eggs  $N$  found in a nest of a certain species of turtle has a Poisson distribution with mean  $\lambda$ . Each egg has a probability  $p$  of being viable, and this event is independent from egg to egg. Find the mean and variance of the number of viable eggs per nest.

r.v.s:  $N \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$      let  $X = \text{num. of viable eggs} \sim \text{Bin}(N, p)$

mean:  $E(X) = E(\underbrace{E(X|N)}) = E(Np) = p E(N) = p\lambda$

$\downarrow$   
 $E(X|N) = Np$

variance:  $\text{Var}(X) = \text{Var}(\underbrace{E(X|N)}) + E(\underbrace{\text{Var}(X|N)})$

$\downarrow$                                    $\downarrow$   
 $Np$                                    $Np(1-p)$

$\text{Var}(aX+b) = a^2 \text{Var}(X)$

$$= \text{Var}(Np) + E(Np(1-p))$$

$$= p^2 \text{Var}(N) + p(1-p) E(N)$$

$$= p^2 \lambda + p(1-p) \lambda = \cancel{p^2 \lambda} + \cancel{-p^2 \lambda} + p\lambda$$

$$= p\lambda$$

## CENTRAL LIMIT THEOREM

Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be iid r.v.s with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ .

Let  $T_n = X_1 + \dots + X_n$  and  $\bar{X}_n = \frac{T_n}{n}$ .

Then, as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ :

- The distribution of  $T_n$  approaches  $N(n\mu, \sigma\sqrt{n})$ .
- The distribution of  $\bar{X}_n$  approaches  $N(\mu, \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}})$ .