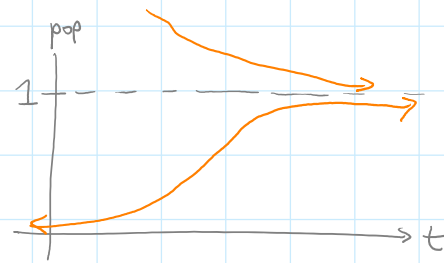


# LOGISTIC MAP

Population growth models (differential equation)

$$\frac{df}{dt} = r f(1-f)$$



models population growth with a carrying capacity  
 $r$  = growth rate,  $f(t)$  = population as a proportion of carrying capacity at time  $t$

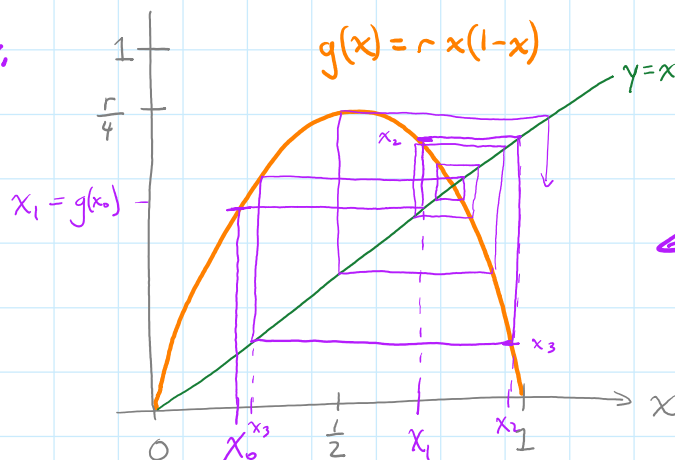
Discrete model:  $x_{n+1} = r x_n (1-x_n)$

$x_n$  = relative population size at time step  $n = \frac{\text{current size}}{\text{carrying capacity}}$   
 $r$  = growth rate constant

Investigation: choose  $0 < x_0 < 1$  and  $0 < r < 4$   
Iterate to compute  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \dots$  What happens?

Observations:  
 $r < 1$  — convergence to zero  
 $1 < r < 2.88?$  — convergence to some value  
 $3 < r < 3.3?$  — alternates between two values  
 $r = 3.5$  — cycle of 4 values  
 $r = 3.8$  — crazy!

Visualization:



← cobweb plot

# Bifurcation Diagram:

values in the cycle that occurs for growth rate  $r$

