

# Linear Algebra – Day 16

MATH 220

Recall the scenario from the first day of class: Scientists have been watching the spread of happiness this year. Each week, the same 1000 people are checked to find out whether they are unhappy, happy and they know it, or happy without realizing.

- **Of those who are currently unhappy:** Next week, 50% will become happy and know it and 25% will become happy without realizing.
- **Of those currently happy and they know it:** Next week, 50% will become unhappy and 10% will remain happy but not realize it anymore.
- **Of those currently happy without realizing:** Next week, 10% will become unhappy and 10% will now know they are happy.

Define some variables:

- $u_i$  is the *percentage* of people who are unhappy on week  $i$
- $h_i$  is the *percentage* of people who are happy and they know it on week  $i$
- $r_i$  is the *percentage* of people who are happy without realizing it on week  $i$

Suppose that  $u_0 = 0.3$ ,  $h_0 = 0.5$ , and  $r_0 = 0.2$  are known.

1. What are the values of  $u_1$ ,  $h_1$ , and  $r_1$ ?

2. **Jonah:** Wow!

**Josie:** What now, Jonah?

**Jonah:** We can write an equation to express  $u_{i+1}$  in terms of  $u_i$ ,  $h_i$ , and  $r_i$ .

**Josie:** Yeah! We can also write an equation for  $h_{i+1}$  and a third equation for  $r_{i+1}$ .

**Group discussion:** “Finish” the equations by filling in the missing underlined numbers:

$$u_{i+1} = \underline{\quad} u_i + \underline{\quad} h_i + \underline{\quad} r_i$$

$$h_{i+1} = \underline{\quad} u_i + \underline{\quad} h_i + \underline{\quad} r_i$$

$$r_{i+1} = \underline{\quad} u_i + \underline{\quad} h_i + \underline{\quad} r_i$$

3. **Jonah:** We have something kind of like a system of equations here.

**Group chat:** Discuss why Jonah says “something kind of like.”

**Josie:** Yes! Now we can try to use vectors and matrices. I knew linear algebra was cool!

**Jonah:** Let’s put the percentages for each week into a vector:  $\mathbf{x}_i = \begin{bmatrix} u_i \\ h_i \\ r_i \end{bmatrix}$ .

**Group chat:** What are  $\mathbf{x}_0$  and  $\mathbf{x}_1$ ?

4. **Jonah:** Now we can turn this “system” into a matrix-vector equation  $A\mathbf{x}_i = \mathbf{x}_{i+1}$ .

**Group task:** Fill in the numbers in the matrix  $A$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \quad & \quad & \quad \\ \quad & \quad & \quad \\ \quad & \quad & \quad \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_i \\ h_i \\ r_i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{i+1} \\ h_{i+1} \\ r_{i+1} \end{bmatrix}$$

5. **Josie:** Oh, so now we have found  $x_1$ , we can easily calculate  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$ , and even  $x_{52}$ .

**Group chat:** How would you find  $x_2$ ? What about  $x_{52}$ ?

6. What percentage of those who are unhappy today will be happy (and they know it) 7 weeks from today?

👉 You'll probably want to pull out Mathematica quickly.

7. How might you find the three percentages “a really long time from now”?

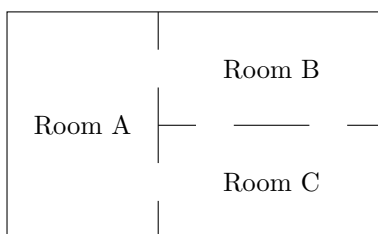
8. **Spicy Group Problem:** What would the percentages  $u_0$ ,  $h_0$ ,  $r_0$  have to be in order for the percentages to *remain exactly the same* next week?

👉 In other words, nothing changes from week to week.

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**New scenario:** A psychologist places a mouse in a cage with three compartments, as shown in the figure below. The mouse has been trained to select a door *at random* whenever a bell is rung and to move through it into the next compartment.

👉 Each available door is equally likely to be chosen.



1. If the mouse is in Room A:

- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room B when the bell is rung.
- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room C when the bell is rung.

2. If the mouse is in Room B:

- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room A when the bell is rung.
- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room C when the bell is rung.

3. If the mouse is in Room C:

- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room A when the bell is rung.
- Find the probability that the mouse moves to Room B when the bell is rung.

In the long run, what proportion of its time will the mouse spend in each room?

👉 Set up some notation for this problem!