

Computers work with numbers, but decimal numbers are not convenient for computers.

Decimal number:
(base ten)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} 2 & 8 & 5 \\ \hline \text{hundreds} & \text{tens} & \text{ones} \end{array} = 2 \times 10^2 + 8 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$$
$$= 200 + 80 + 5$$

Binary number:
(base two)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline \text{fours} & \text{twos} & \text{ones} \end{array} = 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$
$$= 4 + 0 + 1 = 5 \text{ (decimal)}$$

Converting Binary to Decimal

1. Write place values below each binary digit.
2. Sum the place values below each 1 in the binary number.

Convert the following binary numbers to decimal:

10101

101100

decimal: 21

44

Hexadecimal Numbers

Since binary numbers are cumbersome for humans, computer scientists often convert binary to **hexadecimal numbers**.

Hexadecimal
number:

(base sixteen)

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{2} \\ \hline \text{256s} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{8} \\ \hline \text{sixteens} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{5} \\ \hline \text{ones} \end{array} = 2 \times 16^2 + 8 \times 16^1 + 5 \times 16^0$$
$$= 2 \times 256 + 8 \times 16 + 5 \times 1$$
$$= 512 + 128 + 5$$
$$= 645 \text{ (decimal)}$$

Hexadecimal Numbers

Hexadecimal (hex) numbers require sixteen digits:

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F

To convert from hex to decimal:

1. Write the place value below each hex digit.
2. Multiply each digit by its place value, and add the products.

Example: hex number: 2 C E
 place values: 256 16 1

decimal number: $2 \times 256 + 12 \times 16 + 14 \times 1 = 718$

Hexadecimal Numbers

To convert from hex to decimal:

1. Write the place value below each hex digit.
2. Multiply each digit by its place value, and add the products.

Convert the following hex numbers to decimal:

A 2

1 2 B

decimal: 162

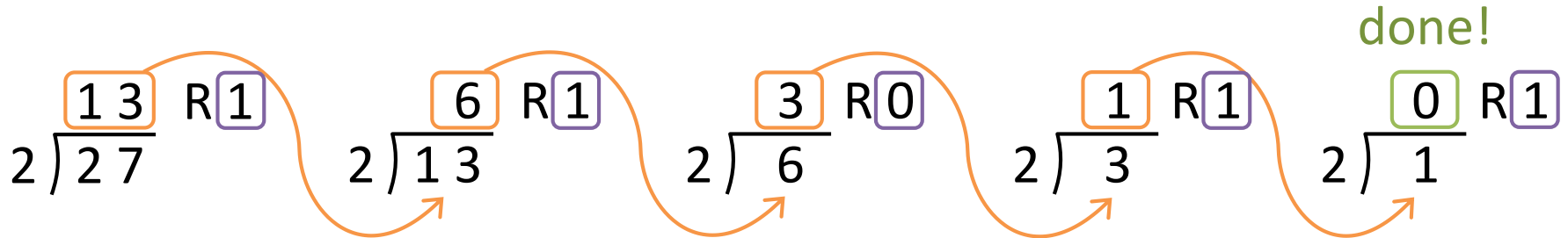
299

Converting Decimal to Any Base

1. Divide the decimal number by the new base.
2. The remainder is the next digit to write down (right to left).
3. If the quotient is zero, you are done. If not, go to step 1 and use the quotient as the new number to divide.

Algorithm

Example: convert decimal 27 to binary



decimal 27 = binary 11011

Converting Decimal to Any Base

1. Divide the decimal number by the new base.
2. The remainder is the next digit to write down (right to left).
3. If the quotient is zero, you are done. If not, go to step 1 and use the quotient as the new number to divide.



Algorithm

Time for some practice!

Visit the course web site: **cs125.mlwright.org**

Download the file **number_practice.pdf**

This file contains practice problems, which we will work on in small groups.

Remember:

This is a kind, inclusive, failure-tolerant class.